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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

| Applicantle or | and the | | | | | |
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| Applicant's or agent's file reference 58688WO003 International application No. PCT/EP2004/006220 | | FOR FURTHER ACTION See Form PCT//PEA/416 | | | | |
| | | International filing date 09.06.2004 | | Priority date (day/month/year) 13.06.2003 | | |
| International Page 150 C04B41/50 | atent Classification (IPC) or | national classification and | IPC | | | |
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| OW LOFE A | G et al. | | | | | |
| 1. This rep Authorit | port is the international pr by under Article 35 and tra | eliminary examination r ansmitted to the applica | eport, established by this nt according to Article 36 | s International Preliminary Examining | | |
| 2. This RE | PORT consists of a total | of 6 sheets, including | this cover sheet. | • | | |
| 3. This rep | ort is also accompanied | by ANNEXES, compris | ina: | | | |
| a. ⊠ s | sent to the applicant and | to the International Bur | eau) a total of 3 sheets | as follows: | | |
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| _ | Administrative Instruc | ctions), | Lod by this Additionty (SE | e Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the | | |
| L | sheets which superse beyond the disclosure Supplemental Box. | ede earlier sheets, but ver in the international ap | which this Authority consi plication as filed, as indic | iders contain an amendment that goes cated in item 4 of Box No. I and the | | |
| b. □ (| <i>sent to the International L</i> sequence listing and/or ta | Bureau only) a total of (| indicate type and numbe | r of electronic carrier(s)) , containing a only, as indicated in the Supplemental | | |
| E | Box Relating to Sequence | Listing (see Section 8 | D2 of the Administrative I | only, as indicated in the Supplemental Instructions). | | |
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| | No. IV Lack of unity of | ard to novelty, inventive s | step and industrial applicability | | | |
| 🛭 Вох | Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement | | | | | |
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| Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority: | | Authorized Officer | | | | |
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| D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d | | Russell, G | | | | |
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/EP2004/006220

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|---|-------------------------|--|---------------|--|--|
| _ | Box No. I | Basis of the report | | | |
| 1. | With regar filed, unles | d to the language , this report is based on the international application in the language in which it is otherwise indicated under this item. | wa | | |
| | | eport is based on translations from the original language into the following language , is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of: | | | |
| ☐ international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) ☐ publication of the international application (under Rule 12.4) ☐ international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3) | | | | | |
| 2. | With regar | d to the elements* of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets wh furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this foriginally filed" and are not annexed to this report): | iich S | | |
| | Description | ı, Pages | | | |
| | 1-17 | as originally filed | | | |
| | Claims, Nu | mbers | | | |
| | 1-18 | filed with telefax on 02.09.2005 | | | |
| | Drawings, 9 | Sheets | | | |
| | 1/1 | as originally filed | | | |
| | □ a sequ | ence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing | | | |
| 3. | ☐ The ar | nendments have resulted in the cancellation of: | | | |
| | ⊔ the □ the | description, pages claims, Nos. | | | |
| | ☐ the | drawings, sheets/figs | | | |
| | □ any | sequence listing (specify): table(s) related to sequence listing (specify): | | | |
| 4. | Supplemen | port has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below on made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the tal Box (Rule 70.2(c)). | ,) | | |
| | ☐ the | description, pages | | | |
| | ☐ the | claims, Nos. drawings, sheets/figs | | | |
| | ⊔ the | sequence listing (specify): table(s) related to sequence listing (specify): | | | |
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| | ~ L _ L _ C | em 4 applies, some or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded." | | | |

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/EP2004/006220

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

No:

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

1-18

1-18

No: Claims

Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-18

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

Re. Item V:

1. Relevant cited prior art:

D1: EP-A-0 230 534

D2: DATABASE WPI Section Ch, Week 199510 Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB; Class A97, AN 1995-070145 &

JP-A-06 345566

D3: DE-A-31 09 927

D4: US-B-6 464 765

D5: DE-A-199 04 522

D6: DE-A-196 19 165

D7: US-A-2 807 555

- 2. Novelty and inventive step
- 2.1 D1 (EP-A-0 230 534) claims a coloured metal salt glaze solution for screen printing ceramics with diffuse coloured patterns, said solution containing organic solvents and polymers as thickeners (claim 1).

In detail, the metal salt solution comprises preferably 10-40 wt.-% metal salt, 30-80 wt.-% of organic solvent, and 1-20 wt.-% of thickening agents (col. 3, I 20-22). Example 1 explicitly describes such a solution comprising a high molecular weight (MW = 35.000) polyoxyethylene (i.e., PEG) present in an amount of 15 wt.-%, solvent, and a copper metal salt in an amount of 35 wt.-% based on the total weight of the composition.

Thus, the amount of metal ion is outside the range of claim 1 of the application. Further, from the general teaching of D1 the skilled person has to make a number of choices starting from the Example to arrive at the subject-matter of the application: choose 1-8 wt.-% PEG; choose 0.01-7 wt.-% of metal salt.

D2 (JP-A-06 345566) discloses a colour pigment for glaze of ceramics comprising (a) fine particles of colour pigment loaded with (b) inorganic electrolyte e.g. alkali metal salt and water soluble polymer, and (c) polyethylene oxide (Abstract).

Polyethylene oxide is stated in the Japanese document to belong to the water-soluble polymers having a molecular weight of 100.000 to 2.000.000, most preferably used in an amount of 0.1-10 wt.-% ([0005]).

In Example 1 ([0007]) a colouring solution is described comprising water, calcium

chloride, $\underline{2}$ wt.-% of a sodium polyacrylate salt, and $\underline{2}$ wt.-% polyethylene oxide. Hence, the subject-matter of the application is novel over D2 due to the narrower molecular weight range of the PEG component c).

D4 (US-B1-6 464 765) relates to a *slurry* for decorating ceramic substrate e.g. porcelain tile, comprises solid particles of color-contributing metal salt dispersed in a saturated solution of color-contributing metal salt (claim 1). The slurry may also contain additives comprising 2-7 parts by weight polyethylene glycol *200* (claims 10, 12). The Examples describe slurries comprising 70 parts by weight metal complex, water as solvent, and 5 parts by weight PEG 200.

In contrast to the application, D4 describes slurries rather than a solution; only PEG of molecular weight 200 is disclosed.

Hence, the subject-matter of claims 1 to 18 is novel over the most relevant cited prior art D1 to D3 in accordance with the requirements of Article 33(2) PCT.

2.2 D1 and D2 describe metal salt solutions for colouring ceramic substrates comprising polyethylene glycol, and also consider the problem of colouring intensity, appearance, and homogeneity. D2 has the most technical features in common with the application and can, therefore, be considered as the closest prior art.

The distinguishing feature of the application over D2 is the molecular weight of the PEG component employed in the solution.

The applicant has shown by way of experimental data that a solutions comprising PEG having a Mn in the range 10.000-50.000 (specifically 35.000) are more suitable regarding homogeneous penetration of a low viscosity colour solution into ceramics without detrimentally affecting the deformation during firing compared to higher molecular weight PEG (Comparative Tests - Solution 1). D2 gives no suggestion to lower the molecular weight of added PEG.

Hence, the objective problem can be seen to provide ceramic colouring solution having improved penetration into the ceramic framework compared to those solutions of the art.

That these results can be achieved using a particular PEG of Mn 10.000-50.000 in an

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

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amount of 1-8 wt.-% is not obvious from the cited disclosures. It is noted in addition, a solution containing 15 wt.-% PEG (Mn = 35.000 - as is the case in D1) does not result in a homogeneous coloured ceramic framework due to its higher viscosity. D4, while pertaining only to slurries, only explicitly discloses PEG 200.

Therefore, an inventive step can be acknowledged under Article 33(3) PCT.

Claims

- 1. Solution for colouring ceramic framework, comprising:
 - a) a solvent
- b) a metal salt or metal complex, soluble in the solvent, wherein the amount of the metal ions in the solution is in the range of 0,01 to 7,0 % by weight,
 - c) polyethylene glycol having a Mn in the range of 10.000 to 50.000 in an amount of 2 to 8 % by weight of the total composition,
 - d) optionally a stabilizer,
- wherein the metal salt is selected from rare earth elements and/or of the subgroups of the rare earth elements and/or salts of transition metals of the groups IIIA, IVA, VA, VIA, VIIA, VIIIA, IB, IIB.
- Solution according to claim 1, wherein the solution has a viscosity comparable to an aqueous polyethylene glycol solution (6 % by weight of polyethylene glycol 35,000 (Mn = 14.000 to 19.000) at 23°C.
 - 3. Solution according to anyone of the preceding claims, wherein the solvent comprises water, methyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol, iso-propyl alcohol, n-propyl alcohol, acetone, glycol, glycerol alone or in admixture.
- 4. Solution according to anyone of the preceding claims, wherein the anion of the metal salt or metal complex is selected from Cl⁻, Br⁻, J⁻, SO₄²⁻, SO₃²⁻, NO₂⁻, NO₃⁻.
 - 5. Solution according to anyone of the preceding claims, wherein the metal salt or metal complex contains elements selected from La, Pr, Er, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu or Mn.

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- Solution according to anyone of the preceding claims, comprising additives selected from stabilizers, complex builders, beating additives buffers or thixotropic substances.
- 5 7. Process for obtaining a coloured ceramic framework, comprising the steps
 - a) providing a ceramic framework
 - b) providing a solution as described in anyone of the preceding claims.
 - c) treating the ceramic framework with the solution of b)
 - d) optionally drying the treated ceramic framework
- e) firing the treated ceramic framework.
 - 8. Process according to claim 7, wherein the ceramic framework is treated with the solution for about 1 to 5 minutes at room temperature.
 - 9. Process according to claim 7 or 8, wherein the firing takes place for a ZrO₂ based ceramic at a temperature above 1300 °C and lasts for at least 0,5 h and for a Al₂O₃ based ceramic at a temperature above 1350 °C and lasts for at least 0,5 h.
 - 10. Process according to anyone of claims 7 to 9, wherein the firing takes place at a temperature above 1300 °C.
- 11. Process according to anyone of claims 7 to 10, wherein colouring the ceramic framework is achieved by dipping the framework into the solution or applying the solution to the framework is achieved by spraying, brushing or by using a sponge or fabric.
 - 12. Ceramic framework, treated with a solution as described in anyone of claims 1 to 6.

- 13. Ceramic framework according to claim 12, wherein the ceramic is presintered and adsorbent,
- 14. Ceramic framework, obtainable from a process as described in anyone of claims 7 to 11.
- 15. Ceramic framework according to anyone of claims 12 to 14 comprising ZrO_2 or Al_2O_3 .
 - 16. Use of a solution as described in anyone of the claims 1 to 6 for treating a ceramic framework.
- 17. Use of a solution as described in anyone of the claims 1 to 6 for reducing the sintering deformation of ceramic framework during firing.
 - 18. Use according to claims 16 or 17, wherein the ceramic framework is selected from presintered bodies comprising ZrO₂ and/or Al₂O₃.